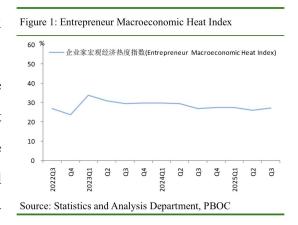
### **Entrepreneur Survey Report (Q3 2025)**

The results of the entrepreneur survey conducted by the People's Bank of China (PBOC) in Q3 2025 are as follows.

### I. Entrepreneur Macroeconomic Heat Index

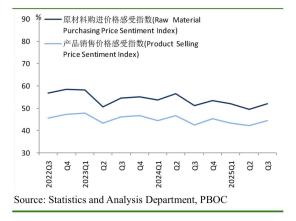
The entrepreneur macroeconomic heat index registered 27.1 percent, increasing 1.1 percentage points q-o-q. Among the entrepreneurs surveyed, 51.9 percent regarded it as "normal", 47.0 percent considered the macroeconomic climate "relatively cold", and 1.1 percent regarded it as " relatively overheated".



# II. Product Selling Price Sentiment Index and Raw Material Purchasing Price Sentiment Index

The product selling price sentiment index posted 44.3 percent, increasing 2.1 percentage points q-o-q. Compared with the previous quarter, 8.1 percent of the entrepreneurs surveyed considered the current product selling price "increased", while 72.5 percent and 19.5

Figure 2: Product Selling Price Sentiment Index and Raw Material Purchasing Price Sentiment Index

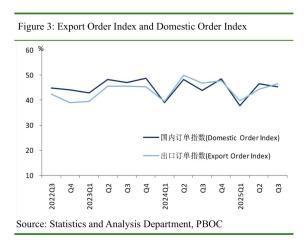


percent considered it "unchanged" and "decreased", respectively.

The raw material purchasing price sentiment index reached 52.0 percent, increasing 2.5 percentage points q-o-q. Compared with the previous quarter, 13.6 percent of the entrepreneurs surveyed considered the raw material purchasing price "increased", while 76.8 percent and 9.6 percent considered it "unchanged" and "decreased", respectively.

### III. Export Order Index and Domestic Order Index

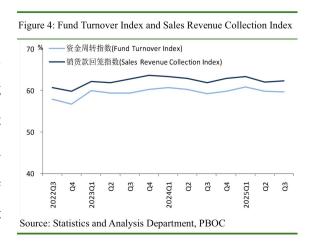
The export order index was 46.4 percent, increasing 2.1 percentage points q-o-q. Compared with the previous quarter, 18.5 percent of the entrepreneurs surveyed considered the number of export orders "increased", 55.9 percent considered it "unchanged", and 25.7 percent considered it "decreased".



The domestic order index posted 45.2 percent, decreasing 1.3 percentage points q-o-q. Compared with the previous quarter, 16.2 percent of the entrepreneurs surveyed considered the number of domestic orders "increased", 58.1 percent considered it "unchanged", and 25.7 percent considered it "decreased".

# IV. Fund Turnover Index and Sales Revenue Collection Index

The fund turnover index was 59.7 percent, on par with the previous quarter. Among the entrepreneurs surveyed, 32.4 percent considered the performance of fund turnover in the current quarter to be "good", 54.6 percent considered it

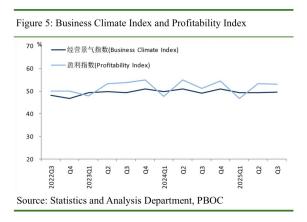


"mediocre", and 13.0 percent considered it "poor".

The sales revenue collection index registered 62.3 percent, increasing 0.4 percentage points q-o-q. Among the entrepreneurs surveyed, 33.5 percent considered the collection of sales revenue to be "easy", 57.8 percent considered it "mediocre", and 8.8 percent considered it "difficult".

### V. Business Climate Index and Profitability Index

The business climate index posted 49.5 percent, increasing 0.3 percentage points q-o-q. Among the entrepreneurs surveyed, 16.2 percent considered their business performance in the current quarter to be "relatively good", 66.7 percent considered it "mediocre", and 17.1 percent considered it "relatively poor".



The profitability index registered 52.9 percent, decreasing 0.3 percentage points q-o-q Compared with the previous quarter, 32.0 percent of the entrepreneurs surveyed stated "profits increased or losses reduced", 41.9 percent considered that "profits and losses remained unchanged", and 26.2 percent said that "losses increased or profits declined".

## **Annex: Survey Index on 5,000 Entrepreneurs**

Unit: %

时间	企业家宏 观经济热 度指数 Entrepreneur Macroeconomic Heat Index	产品销售 价格感受 指数 Product Selling Price Sentiment Index	原材料 购进价格 感受指数 Raw Material Purchasing Price Sentiment Index	国内订 单指数 Domestic Order Index	出口订 单指数 Export Order Index	资金周 转指数 Fund Turnover Index	销货款 回笼 指数 Sales Revenue Collection Index	经营景气 指数 Business Climate Index	盈利 指数 Profitabili ty Index
2022. Q3	26. 9	45. 4	56. 7	44.8	42. 2	57.8	60. 6	48. 1	50. 0
2022. Q4	23. 5	47. 2	58. 5	44. 1	38. 9	56. 7	59.8	46. 6	50. 0
2023. Q1	33.8	47.8	58. 0	42. 9	39. 5	59. 9	62. 2	49. 2	47.8
2023. Q2	30. 9	43. 1	50. 5	48. 2	45. 5	59. 3	61.9	49. 6	53. 2
2023. Q3	29. 5	46. 1	54. 3	47. 1	45. 5	59. 3	62. 7	49. 2	53. 7
2023. Q4	29. 7	46. 7	55. 0	48. 7	45. 4	60. 2	63.6	51.0	55. 0
2024. Q1	29. 7	44. 4	53. 5	39. 0	39. 5	60. 7	63. 3	49. 7	47. 6
2024. Q2	29. 4	46. 5	56. 3	48.3	50. 0	60. 2	62. 9	50.8	54.8
2024. Q3	26. 9	42.4	51.2	43.8	46. 6	59. 1	61.9	49. 0	51.1
2024. Q4	27. 4	45. 3	53. 2	48. 4	47. 7	59.8	62. 9	51.0	54. 3
2025. Q1	27. 3	43. 3	52. 0	37. 7	39. 7	60.8	63. 4	49. 2	46.8
2025. Q2	26. 0	42. 2	49. 5	46. 5	44. 3	59. 7	62. 0	49. 3	53. 2
2025. Q3	27. 1	44. 3	52. 0	45. 2	46. 4	59. 7	62. 3	49. 5	52. 9

Source: Statistics and Analysis Department, PBOC.

**Note:** Figures in this table are rounded to one decimal place. Possible discrepancies between year-on-year or quarter-on-quarter changes calculated from the figures and those published in the report are mainly due to rounding.

#### **Compilation Notes:**

The People's Bank of China (PBOC) started the entrepreneur survey in 1992. About 5,000 industrial firms are surveyed nationwide (excluding Xizang) on seven aspects of business operation, i.e., overall production performance, production factors, market demand, funding, cost and profitability, investment and others. The indexes in the entrepreneur survey report are calculated using the diffusion index approach, i.e., the proportion  $^{C_i}$  represented by each option is calculated, and different options are given different weights  $^{q_i}$  (a weight of 1 to the "good/increase" option, 0.5 to "mediocre/unchanged", and 0 to "poor/decrease"), and the final indexes are obtained by adding up the results of each  $^{C_i}$  multiplied by the corresponding  $^{q_i}$ . All indexes range between 0 and 100 percent. An index reading above 50 percent indicates an upward trend or expansion while an index below 50 percent is a sign of a downward trend or contraction.

The calculation methods of major indexes are introduced briefly below.

- 1. Macroeconomic heat index: It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the current macroeconomic situation. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the economic climate in the current quarter "relatively overheated" and "normal" respectively, assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **2. Product selling price sentiment index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the current product selling prices of firms. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the current product selling price "increased" and "unchanged" compared with the previous quarter, assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **3. Raw material purchasing price sentiment index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the current raw material purchasing prices. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the raw material

purchase price "increased" and "unchanged" respectively compared with the previous quarter, assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them, and adding up the multiplication results.

- **4. Domestic order index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the quantity level of domestic product orders. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the current number of domestic product orders "increased" and "unchanged" compared with the previous quarter, assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **5. Export order index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the q-o-q changes of current export product orders. The index is derived by identifying the firms with export business, calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the current number of export orders "increased" and "unchanged" compared with the previous quarter, assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **6. Fund turnover index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on fund turnover of the firms. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the performance of fund turnover in the current quarter "good" and "mediocre", assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **7. Sales revenue collection index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment of collection of sales revenue. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the collection of sales revenue in the current quarter "easy" and "mediocre", assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **8. Business climate index:** It is an index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the current operation climate. The index is derived by calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered the performance of business operation in the current quarter "relatively good" and "mediocre", assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.
- **9. Profitability index:** It is a diffusion index reflecting entrepreneurs' judgment on the profitability of the firms compared with the previous quarter. The index is derived by

calculating the proportions of entrepreneurs who considered "profits increased or losses reduced" and that "both profits and losses remained unchanged", assigning weights 1 and 0.5 to them respectively, and adding up the multiplication results.